BR В **BRAKE SYSTEM** С

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PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS

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Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

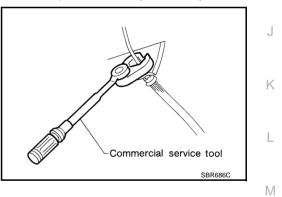
The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

Precautions for Brake System

- Recommended fluid is brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas.
- To clean or wash all parts of master cylinder, disc brake caliper and wheel cylinder, use clean brake fluid.
- Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. They will ruin rubber parts of the hydraulic system.
- Use a flare nut wrench when removing a brake tube and use a flare nut torque wrench when installing a brake tube.
- When installing brake piping, be sure to check torque.
- Before working, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect connectors of VDC/TCS/ABS control unit or the battery cable from the negative terminal.
- Burnish the brake contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.
 Refer to <u>BR-26</u>, "Brake Burnishing Procedure".



WARNING:

• Collect dust on brake parts with dust collector. Do not blow off the dust.

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PREPARATION

PREPARATION Commercial Service Tools

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Tool name		Description
 Flare nut crowfoot a:10 mm (0.39 in) (Other) a:12 mm (0.47 in) (Between VDC actuator and master cylinder) Torque wrench 	a contraction of the second se	Installing brake piping
Power tool	PBIC0190E	Removing front/rear caliper assembly and tire
Pin punch Tip diameter: 4 mm (0.16 in) dia		Removing and installing reservoir tank pin

NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING NVH Troubleshooting Chart

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Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

																section					В
			<u>BR-29</u>	ച	ഖ											RSU					С
Reference	Reference page			2, <u>BR-29</u>	2, <u>BR-29</u>	<u>BR-25,BR-32</u>	<u>BR-25,BR-32</u>	<u>BR-25,BR-32</u>	<u>BR-25,BR-32</u>	<u>BR-25,BR-32</u>	I	-25,BR-32	I		L	and FSU,	_	_	u		D
			BR-22,	<u>BR-22</u> ,	BR-22,	BR-3	BR-3	BR-3	BR-3	BR-3		BR-3		section	section	RAX	section	section	section	ction	
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Possible cause and SUSPECTED PARTS											L				NO						
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			Pads -	Pads -	Shims	Rotor imbalance	Rotor c	Rotor runout	Rotor c	Rotor c	Rotor rust	Rotor thickness	Drum o	PROPELLER	DIFFERENTIAL	AXLE AND	TIRES	ROAD	DRIVE	STEERING	П
		Noise	×	×	×									×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
Symptom	BRAKE	Shake	1			×								×		×	×	×	×	×	
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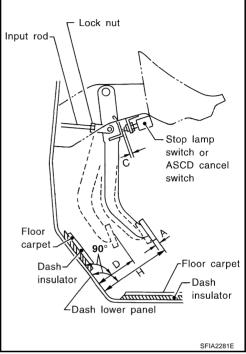
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BRAKE PEDAL

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Inspection and Adjustment PLAY AND CLEARANCE BETWEEN BRAKE PEDAL AND FLOOR PANEL WITH PEDAL DEPRESSED.

- 1. Check brake pedal play.
- 2. Check brake pedal free height from dash lower panel.
- Adjust the height referring to the following specifications. 3.



	Brake pedal free height (from dash	M/T model	154 - 164 mm (6.06 - 6.46 in)	
н	panel top surface)	A/T model	162 - 172 mm (6.38 - 6.77 in)	
	Brake pedal depressed height (under a	M/T model	90 mm (3.54 in) or more	
D	force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) with the engine running)	A/T model 95 mm (3.74 in) or more		
С	Clearance between stopper rubber and end of stop lamp switch and ASCD can	0.74 - 1.96 mm (0.0291 - 0.0772 in)		
Α	Pedal play	3 - 11 mm (0.12 - 0.43 in)		

ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch by rotating it counterclockwise by 45°.
- 2. Loosen lock nut (A) on input rod, then rotate input rod to set pedal to the specified height, and tighten lock nut (A).

CAUTION:

Make sure that the threaded end of input rod stays inside clevis.

Lock nut (A) 🖸:

Refer to BR-17, "COMPONENTS" .

- 3. With the pedal pulled and held by hand, press stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch until its threaded end contacts stopper rubber.
- 4. With the threaded end of stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch contacting stopper rubber, rotate the switch clockwise by 45° to secure.

CAUTION:

Make sure that the clearance (C) between stopper rubber and threaded end of stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch is within the standard.

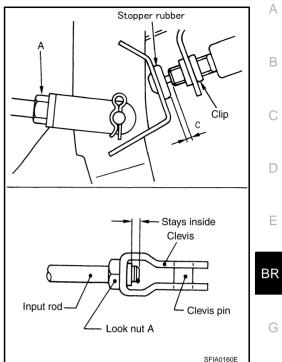
5. Check the pedal play.

CAUTION:

Make sure that stop lamps go off when pedal is released.

6. Start engine to check brake pedal depressed height.



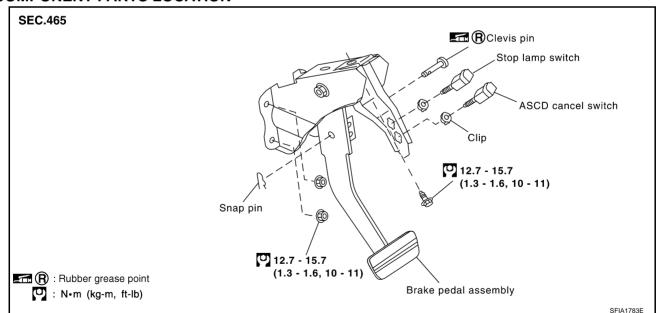


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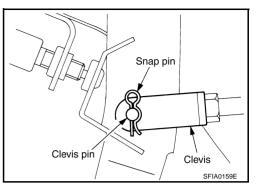
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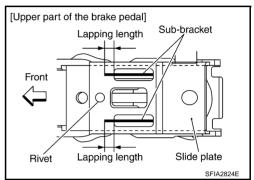
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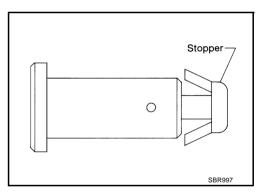


REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the instrument lower driver panel. Refer to <u>IP-13, "(J)</u> <u>Instrument Lower Driver Panel"</u>.
- 2. Remove stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch from pedal assembly.
- 3. Remove snap pin and clevis pin from clevis of brake booster.
- 4. Remove mounting nuts and bolt from bracket, and remove pedal assembly from vehicle.







INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Check brake pedal upper rivet for deformation.
- Make sure that the lapping length of sub-bracket and slide plate is at least 5.5 mm (0.22 in).
- Check brake pedal for bend, damage, and cracks on the welded parts.
- Replace brake pedal assembly if any non-standard condition is detected.
- Check clevis pin and plastic stopper for damage and deformation. Replace clevis pin if there are.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of the removal.

• After installing brake pedal assembly to vehicle, adjust brake pedal. Refer to BR-7, "ADJUSTMENT" .

BRAKE FLUID

Checking Brake Fluid Level

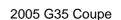
- Check fluid level in reservoir tank. It should be between Max and Min lines on reservoir tank.
- If fluid level is extremely low, check brake system for leaks.
- Release parking brake lever or pedal, and then see if brake warning lamp goes off. If not, check brake system for leaks.

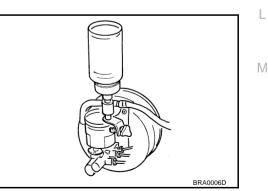
Drain and Refill

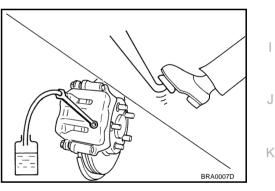
CAUTION:

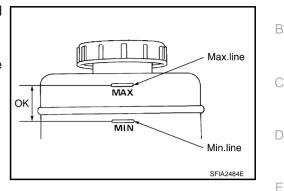
- Carefully monitor brake fluid level in reservoir tank during draining operation.
- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Do not let brake fluid splash on painted surfaces of body. This might damage the paint, when G splashing it on the surfaces, immediately wipe off the m with cloth and wash it away with water.
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and remove the battery cable from the negative terminal.
- 2. Connect a vinyl tube to bleed valve.
- 3. Depress brake pedal, loosen bleed valve, and gradually remove brake fluid.

- 4. Make sure there is no foreign material in the reservoir tank, and refill with new brake fluid.
- Rest foot on brake pedal. Loosen bleed valve. Slowly depress pedal until it stops. Tighten bleed valve. Release brake pedal. Repeat this process a few times, then pause to add new brake fluid to master cylinder. Continue until new brake fluid flows out. Bleed Air. Refer to<u>BR-10, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>.









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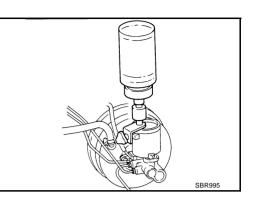
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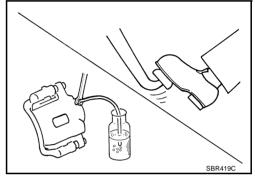
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Bleeding Brake System

CAUTION:

- Carefully monitor brake fluid level in reservoir tank during bleeding operation.
- Fill reservoir with new brake fluid "DOT 3". Make sure it is at least half way at all times while bleeding air out of system.
- Place a container under master cylinder to avoid spillage of brake fluid.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect VDC actuator connectors or the battery cable from negative terminal.
- Bleed air in the following order. Right rear brake \rightarrow Left front brake \rightarrow Left rear brake \rightarrow Right front brake
- 1. Connect a transparent vinyl tube to bleed valve.
- 2. Fully depress brake pedal several times.
- 3. With brake pedal depressed, open bleed valve to release air.
- 4. Close bleed valve.
- 5. Release brake pedal slowly.
- 6. Repeat steps 2 through 5 until clear brake fluid comes out of bleed valve.





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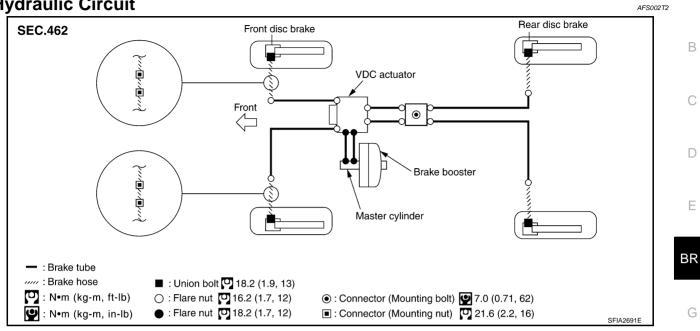
BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE

BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE



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Hvdraulic Circuit



CAUTION:

- All hoses and piping (tubes) must be free from excessive bending, twisting and pulling.
- Make sure there is no interference with other parts when turning steering both clockwise and counterclockwise.
- The brake tubes and hoses are an important safety parts. If a brake fluid leak is detected, always disassemble the parts. Replace applicable part with a new one, if necessary.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it way cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted surfaces of body, immediately wipe it off with cloth and then wash it away with water.
- Do not bend or twist brake hose sharply, or strongly pull it.
- When removing components, cover brake line connections so that no dirt, dust, or other foreign matter gets in.
- Refill with new brake fluid " DOT 3 ".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.

Front Brake Piping and Hose REMOVAL

- Drain brake fluid. Refer to BR-9, "Drain and Refill" . 1.
- Using a flare nut wrench, remove brake tube from brake hose. Remove union bolt, and remove brake 2. hose from caliper assembly.
- 3. Remove lock plate.
- 4. Remove mounting nuts, and remove brake hose from vehicle.

INSTALLATION

1. Assemble union bolt and copper washers to brake hose.

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2. Position the metal fitting of brake hose by aligning with the protrusion on the caliper assembly, and tighten union bolt to the specified torque.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse copper washer.
- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.



Flare nut

ock plate

: N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) ≠

Union bol

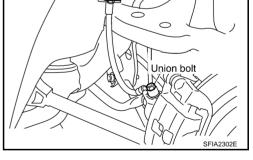
Lock plate

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- possible. Fix it with lock plate, and tighten flare nut to the specified torque with a flare nut torque wrench.
- 4. Install brake hose to vehicle, and tighten mounting nuts to the specified torque.
- 5. After the work, bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-10, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>.

Rear Brake Piping and Hose REMOVAL

- 1. Drain brake fluid. Refer to <u>BR-9, "Drain and Refill"</u>.
- 2. Using a flare nut wrench, remove brake tube from brake hose.
- 3. Remove union bolt, and then remove brake hose from caliper assembly.
- 4. Remove lock plate, and remove brake hose from vehicle.

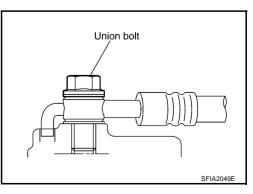


INSTALLATION

- 1. Assemble union bolt and copper washers to brake hose.
- 2. Position the L-shape metal fitting of the brake hose to the brake caliper assembly positioning hole, and then tighten union bolt to the specified torque.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse copper washer.
- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 3. Connect brake hose to brake tube on the vehicle, and temporarily tighten flare nut by hand as much as possible. Secure it to bracket with lock plate, and tighten flare nut to the specified torque with a flare nut torque wrench.
- 4. After the work, bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-10, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>.



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Protrusion

SFIA2290E

💽 Nut

Bolt

0 10.8 - 15.6

BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE

Ins	spection After Installation	AFS002T5	
	UTION: eak is detected at the connections, retighten it or replace the damaged part.	A	ŕ
1.	Check brake hose, tube, and connections for fluid leaks, damage, twist, deformation, contact with parts, and loose connections.	other E	3
2.	While depressing pedal under a force of 785 N (80 kg, 177 lb) with the engine running for approxima seconds, check for fluid leak from each part.	ately 5 C	
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BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

On-Board Inspection LEAK INSPECTION

• Check for leaking in a master cylinder installation surface, a reservoir tank installation surface, and brake tube connections.

Removal and Installation

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, immediately wipe it off with cloth and wash it away with water.
- Do not operate with primary piston when removing and installing.

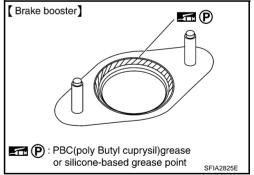
REMOVAL

- 1. Drain brake fluid. Refer to <u>BR-9, "Drain and Refill"</u>.
- 2. Remove harness connector for brake fluid level switch.
- 3. Using a flare nut wrench, remove brake tube from master cylinder.
- 4. Remove mounting nuts, and remove master cylinder assembly from vehicle. Refer to <u>BR-17, "Removal</u> <u>and Installation"</u>.

INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 1. Install master cylinder to brake booster assembly, and tighten mounting nuts to the specified torque. **CAUTION:**
 - Check if the lot of primary piston has dust or scratch.
 - Do not damage and stain rod of primary piston.
 - Do not reuse O-ring.
 - Apply silicon grease or brake fluid for O-ring and primary piston.
 - Apply silicon grease to the master cylinder insertion of brake booster.



- 2. Install brake tube to master cylinder, and temporarily tighten the flare nuts on the brake tube to master cylinder by hand.
- 3. Using a flare nut torque wrench, tighten flare nut on the brake tube to the specified torque.
- 4. Install harness connector of brake fluid level switch.
- 5. Refill new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-10, "Bleeding Brake System"</u>.

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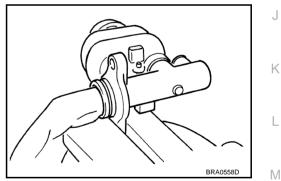
BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

Disassembly and Assembly COMPONENTS SEC.460 (2) 🕄 🖬 🕑 🛞 3 ₿ e P (5) **£**6 \mathbf{O} \bigcirc : Always replace after every disassembly. 🖺 B : Brake fluid point (P): PBC(Poly Butyl Cuprysil) grease or silicone-based grease point SFIA2692E Oil filter Reservoir tank 2 Reservoir cap 3 1. 5. 4. Grommet Brake fluid level switch connector 6. Pin 7. Cylinder body 8. O-ring

DISASSEMBLY

CAUTION:

- Master cylinder cannot be disassembled.
- Remove the reservoir tank only when absolutely necessary.
- 1. Clamp flange of cylinder body in vise as shown in the figure. CAUTION:
 - Using copper plate or cloth to cover flange for securing vise.
 - When securing master cylinder assembly in a vise, be sure not to over tighten.
 - Be sure to fix the flange part with the installation side of cylinder body brake tube up.



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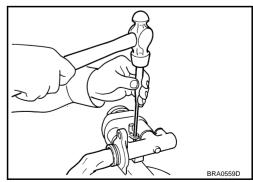
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- 2. Using a pin-punch [commercial service tool: diameter approx. 4 mm (0.16 in)], remove pin form reservoir tank.
- 3. Remove master cylinder assembly from vise.
- 4. Remove reservoir tank and grommet from cylinder body.



ASSEMBLY

CAUTION:

• Do not use mineral oils such as kerosene, gasoline during the cleaning and assembly process.

BR-15

BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

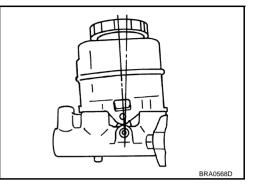
• Do not drop parts. If a part is dropped, do not use it.

 Apply brake fluid to a grommet, and place it into master cylinder to install. CAUTION:

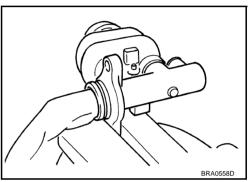
Do not reuse grommet.

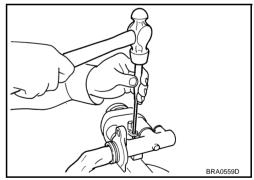
2. Install reservoir tank to master cylinder.

- Do not reuse reservoir tank and reservoir tank mounting pin.
- Pay attention to the orientation of reservoir tank.



- 3. Secure flange of cylinder body as shown in the figure. CAUTION:
 - Using copper plate or cloth to cover flange when securing in a vise.
 - When securing master cylinder assembly in a vise, be sure not to over tighten.
 - Be sure to fix the flange part with the brake tube installation side of cylinder body up.
- 4. Using a pin punch [commercial service tool: diameter approx. 4 mm (0.16 in)], insert the reservoir tank mounting pin into the pin hole so that the attachment side and the opposite side are identical.





BRAKE BOOSTER

On-Vehicle Service OPERATING CHECK

With the engine stopped, change the vacuum to the atmospheric pressure by depressing brake pedal several times. Then with brake pedal fully depressed, start engine and when the vacuum pressure reaches the standard, make sure that the clearance between brake pedal and floor panel decreases.

Run engine at idle for approximately 1 minute, and stop it after

applying vacuum to booster. Depress brake pedal normally to

change the vacuum to the atmospheric pressure. Make sure that distance between brake pedal and floor panel gradually

engine with pedal depressed. The pedal stroke should not

CAUTION:

AIRTIGHT CHECK

increases.

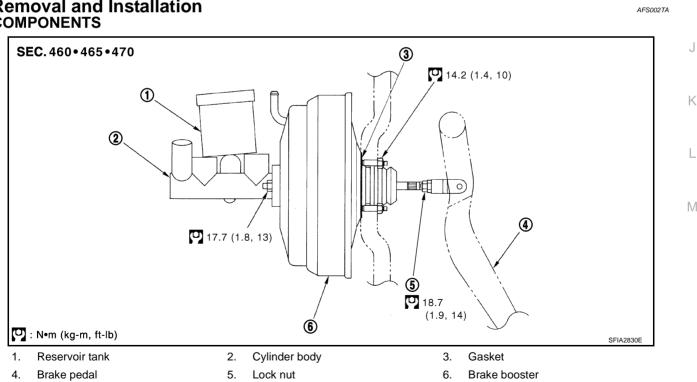
CAUTION:

Depressing pedal interval is approximately 5 seconds.

Depress brake pedal while engine is running,

change after holding pedal down for 30 seconds.

Depressing pedal interval is approximately 5 seconds.



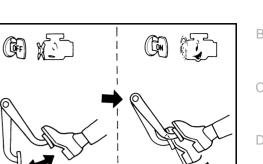
and stop

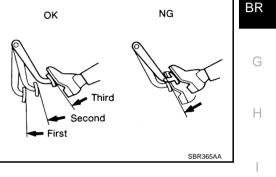
Removal and Installation COMPONENTS

REMOVAL **CAUTION:**

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas such as body. It may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted surfaces of body, wipe it off with cloth immediately and then, wash it away with water.
- Be careful not to deform or bend brake piping while removing and installing brake booster.

2005 G35 Coupe





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- Replace clevis pin if it is damaged.
- Be careful not to damage brake booster stud bolt threads. If brake booster is tilted or inclined during installation, dash panel may damage the threads.
- Be sure to install check valve in the correct orientation.
- 1. Remove vacuum hose from brake booster.
- 2. Remove master cylinder. Refer to BR-14, "Removal and Installation" .
- 3. Remove snap pin and clevis pin on the clevis of the brake booster, and remove input rod from brake pedal. Refer to <u>BR-7, "COMPONENT PARTS LOCATION"</u>.
- 4. Remove brake pedal mounting nuts on pedal bracket.
- 5. Remove brake booster assembly from dash panel.

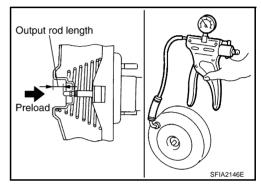
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Output Rod Length Inspection

- 1. Using a handy vacuum pump, apply a vacuum of –66.7 kPa (–500 mmHg, –19.69 inHg) to brake booster.
- 2. Check output rod length.

Standard dimension when vacuuming -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg, -19.69 inHg)

: 30.5 mm (1.20 in)

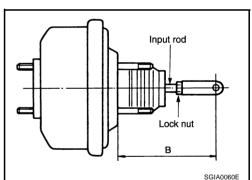


INSTALLATION

1. Loosen lock nut to adjust input rod length so that the length B (shown in the figure) satisfies the specified value.

Length "B" : 125 mm (4.92 in)

- 2. After adjusting length "B", temporarily tighten lock nut to install brake booster assembly to dash panel. At this time, make sure to install a gasket between booster assembly and dash panel.
- 3. Connect brake pedal to clevis of input rod with the clevis pin and snap pin.
- 4. Install brake pedal bracket mounting nuts and tighten them to the specified torque.
- 5. Install vacuum hose into brake booster. Refer to <u>BR-19, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 6. Install master cylinder to booster assembly. Refer to <u>BR-14, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 7. Adjust the height and play of brake pedal. Refer to <u>BR-7, "ADJUSTMENT"</u>.
- 8. Tighten lock nut of input rod to the specified torque.
- 9. Bleed air. Refer to BR-10, "Bleeding Brake System" .



VACUUM LINES

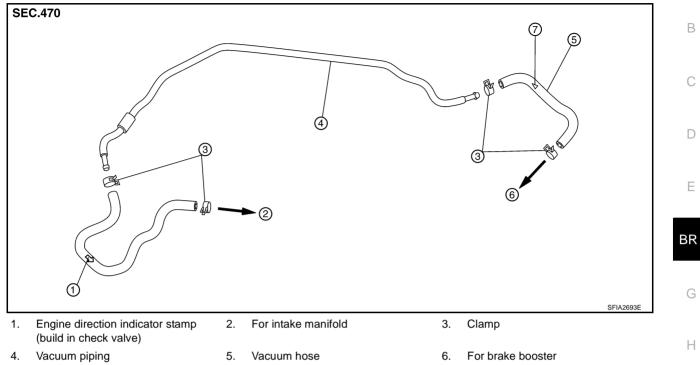
VACUUM LINES



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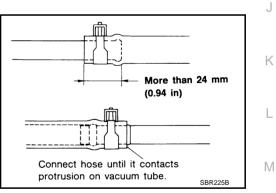
Removal and Installation



7. Orifice mark

CAUTION:

- Because vacuum hose contains a check valve, it must be installed in the correct orientation. Refer
 to the stamp or label to confirm correct installation. Brake booster will not operate normally if
 hose is installed in the wrong direction.
- Insert vacuum hose for at least 24 mm (0.94 in).
- Never use lubricating oil during assembly.



Inspection VISUAL INSPECTION

Check for improper assembly, damage and aging.



CHECK VALVE INSPECTION Airtightness Inspection

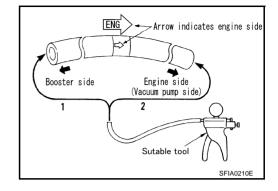
Use a handy vacuum pump to check.

When connected to booster side (1):

Vacuum decrease should be within 1.3 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.39 inHg) for 15 seconds under a vacuum of -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg, -19.69 inHg)

When connected to engine side (2):

No vacuum will be applied



FRONT DISC BRAKE

FRONT DISC BRAKE PFP:41000 Components AFS002TD SEC.440 153.5 (16, 113) (5) • R 2 M 1 (19) 26.5 (2.7, 20) 6 18.2 (1.9, 13) (12) 3 (15) •P BR **3** E (21) 20 ar-(14) 7.8 (0.8, 69) ന 4 9 📼 🖲 🕼 🕄 26.5 (2.7, 20) **78**17 Ô (8) 📼 🛯 🕄 🖸 S: Always replace after every disassembly. P : PBC(Poly Butyl Cuprysil) grease or silicone-based grease point (R) : Rubber grease point 🛛 🚯 : Brake fluid point . №m (kg-m, in-lb) 💟 : N•m (kg-m, ft-lb) SFIA2827F 1. Sliding pin 2. Sliding pin boot 3. Washer 4. Torque member 5. Torque member mounting bolt 6. inner shim Inner pad 8. Pad retainer Outer pad 7. 9. Outer shim cover 10. Outer shim 11. 12. Union bolt 13. Copper washer 14. Bleed valve 15. Cylinder body 16. Piston seal 17. Piston 18. Piston boot 21. Bush 19. Sliding pin bolt 20. Cap

CAUTION:

- Clean dust on caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector. Do not blow with compressed air.
- While removing cylinder body, do not depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- It is not necessary to remove torque member mounting bolts on torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, hang cylinder body with a wire so that brake hose is not under tension.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Always replace shim and shim covers as a set when replacing brake pads.
- Keep rotor clean, from brake fluid.

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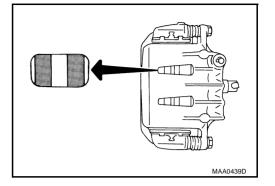
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On-Vehicle Inspection PAD WEAR INSPECTION

• Check pad thickness from check hole on cylinder body.

Standard thickness Replace limit thickness : 11.0 mm (0.433 in) : 2.0 mm (0.079 in)



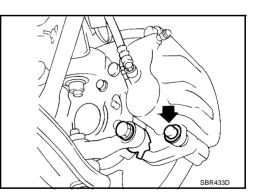
Removal and Installation of Brake Pad REMOVAL

WARNING:

Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize a hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

CAUTION:

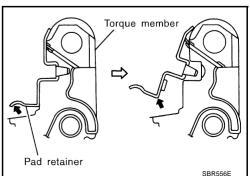
- While removing pad assembles, do not depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- Be careful not to damage piston boot or get oil on disc rotor. Always replace shims in replacing pads.
- If shims are rusted or show peeling of rubber coat, replace them with new shims.
- It is not necessary to remove torque member mounting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend cylinder body with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.
- Burnish the brake pads (or linings) and disc rotor mutually contacting surfaces after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-26, "Brake Burnishing Procedure"</u>.
- 1. Remove tires from vehicle with a power tool.
- 2. Remove lower sliding pin bolt.



3. Hang cylinder body with a wire, and remove pads, shims and pad retainers from torque member.

CAUTION:

- Do not damage piston boot.
- When removing pad retainer from torque member, lift pad retainer in the direction shown by arrow (shown in the figure) so as not to deform it.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Keep rotor clean, free from brake fluid.



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INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply PBC (Poly Butyl Cuprysil) or equivalent to the outer shim cover sides of outer shim. Install inner shim to inner pad, and outer shim and outer shim cover to outer pad.
- 2. Install pad retainers and pad assemblies to torque member.

CAUTION:

Inner pad and outer pad have pad-return mechanism on upper side of pad retainer. When installing pad to torque member, be sure to install pad return lever to pad wear sensor securely.

3. Install cylinder body to torque member.

CAUTION:

When replacing pads with new ones, press in piston until pads can be installed. In this case, carefully monitor brake fluid level in reservoir tank because brake fluid will return to master cylinder reservoir tank.

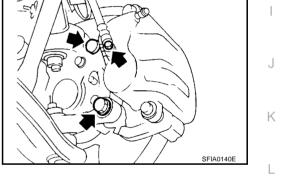
- 4. Install lower sliding pin bolt, and tighten it to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-21, "Components"</u>.
- 5. Secure disc rotor with wheel nuts. Depress brake pedal a few times until it gets a responsive touch.
- 6. Check brake for drag.
- 7. Install tire to the vehicle.

Removal and Installation of Brake Caliper Assembly REMOVAL

- 1. Remove tire from vehicle with a power tool.
- Drain brake fluid gradually from bleed valve while depressing brake pedal. Refer to <u>BR-9</u>, "<u>Drain and</u> H <u>Refill</u>".
- 3. Remove union bolt, and then remove brake hose from caliper assembly.
- 4. Remove torque member mounting bolts from torque member, and remove caliper assembly from vehicle with a power tool.
- 5. Remove disc rotor.

CAUTION:

Put matching marks on both disc rotor and wheel hub when removing disc rotor.



INSTALLATION

1. Install disc rotor.

CAUTION:

Align the matching marks of disc rotor and wheel hub, which were marked at the time of removal when reusing disc rotor.

2. Install caliper assembly to vehicle, and tighten mounting bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-21</u>, <u>"Components"</u>.

CAUTION:

Before installing torque member to vehicle, wipe oil and grease on washer seats on steering knuckle and mounting surface of torque member.

3. Install a projection of brake hose metal fitting by aligning with protrusions on cylinder body, and tighten union bolt to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-11, "Hydraulic Circuit"</u>.

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse copper washers for union bolts.
- Assemble brake hose securely on caliper assembly.
- 4. After installing caliper assembly, refill with new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-10</u>, "<u>Bleeding Brake</u> <u>System</u>".
- 5. Install tires to vehicle.

Pad wear sensor Pad return lever

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Disassembly and Assembly of Brake Caliper Assembly

NOTE:

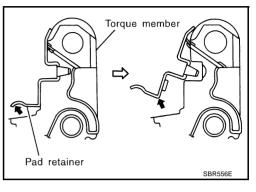
Do not remove torque member, brake pads, shims, shim covers and pad retainers, when disassembling or assembling cylinder body.

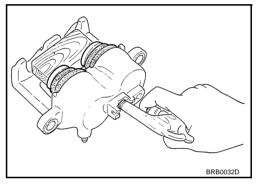
DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove caliper assembly from vehicle. Refer to <u>BR-23</u>, <u>"REMOVAL"</u>.
- Remove sliding pin bolts from cylinder body, and remove pads, shims, shim cover and pad retainers from torque member.
 CAUTION:

When removing pad retainer from torque member, lift the pad retainer in the direction shown by arrow (shown in the figure) so as not to deform it.

- 3. Remove sliding pins and sliding pin boots from torque member.
- 4. Place a wooden block as shown in the figure, and blow air from union bolt mounting hole to remove pistons and piston boots.





- SFIA0141E
- 5. Using a flat-bladed screwdriver, remove piston seals from cylinder body.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the inner wall of cylinder.

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Cylinder Body

CAUTION:

Use new brake fluid to clean. Do not use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene.

- Check the inner wall of cylinder for corrosion, wear, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace cylinder body.
- Minor flaws caused by corrosion or a foreign material can be removed by polishing a surface of the inner wall with a fine sandpaper. Replace cylinder body, if a malfunction is detected.

Torque Member

Check for wear, cracks, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace applicable part.

Piston

CAUTION:

The piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with sandpaper.

Check piston surface for corrosion, wear, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace applicable part.

AFS002TH

Sliding Pin, Sliding Pin Bolt, and Sliding Pin Boot

Check sliding pins and sliding pin boots for wear, damage, and cracks. If a malfunction is detected, replace A applicable part.

DISC ROTOR INSPECTION

Visual Inspection

Check surfaces of disc rotor for uneven wear, cracks, and serious damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace applicable part.

Runout Inspection

- 1. Using wheel nuts, secure disc rotor to wheels hub. (2 or more positions)
- 2. Using a dial indicator, check runout.

Measurement	: At a point 10.0 mm (0.394 in) from
point	outer edge of disc
Runout limit	: 0.035 mm (0.0014 in) or less

CAUTION:

Before measuring, make sure that axle end play is 0 mm.

3. If runout is outside limit, find the minimum runout point by shifting the mounting positions of disc rotor and wheel hub by one hole.

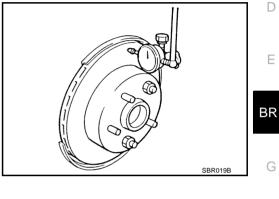
Thickness Inspection

1. Using a micrometer, check thickness of disc rotor. If thickness is outside standard, replace disc rotor.

2. If runout is still out of specification, grind rotor with on-car brake lathe ("MAD, DL-8700", "AMMCO 700 and 705"" or equivalent)

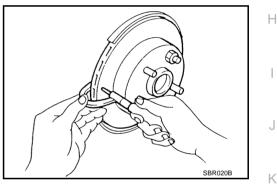
until runout becomes within the specified limit.

Standard thickness Repair limit thickness Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 positions) : 28.0 mm (1.10 in) : 26.0 mm (1.02 in) : 0.015 mm (0,0006 in) or less



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ASSEMBLY

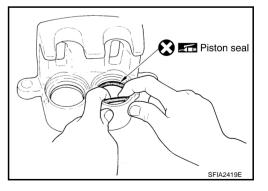
CAUTION:

Do not use Nissan Rubber Grease (KRE00 00010, KRE00 00010 01) during assembly.

1. Apply rubber grease to piston seals and install them to cylinder body.

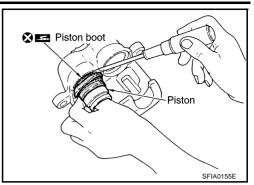
CAUTION:

Do not reuse piston seals.



2. Apply rubber grease to piston boots. Cover the piston end with piston boot, and install cylinder-side lip on piston boot properly into groove on cylinder body.

CAUTION: Do not reuse piston boot.

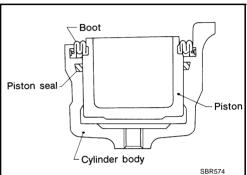


3. Apply brake fluid to piston, and press piston into cylinder body by hand to assemble piston-side lip on piston boot properly into a groove on piston.

CAUTION:

Press piston evenly and change pressing point to prevent inner wall of cylinder from being rubbed.

4. Install sliding pins and sliding pin boots to the torque member.



Pad wear senso

Pad return lever

 Install the torque member to the steering knuckle and tighten the mounting bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-21</u>, "Compo-<u>nents</u>".

CAUTION:

Before installing torque member to vehicle, wipe off oil and grease on the washer seats on steering knuckle and the mounting surface of the torque member.

- 6. Install pad retainers to torque member.
- 7. After assembling shims and shim covers to pad, install it to torque member.

CAUTION:

Inner pad and outer pad have pad-return mechanism on the upper side of the pad retainer. When installing pad, be sure to install pad return lever to pad wear sensor securely as shown in the figure.

- 8. Install cylinder body, and tighten sliding pin bolt to the specified torque. Refer to BR-21, "Components" .
- Position a projection of brake hose metal fitting by aligning with protrusions on cylinder body and tighten union bolt to specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-11</u>, "Hydraulic Circuit".

CAUTION:

- Assemble brake hose securely to cylinder body.
- Do not reuse copper washer for union bolts.
- 10. After installing caliper assembly, refill with new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-10, "Bleeding Brake</u> <u>System"</u>.

Brake Burnishing Procedure

Burnish the brake pad (or lining) and disc rotor mutually contacting surfaces of disc rotor according to following procedure after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

CAUTION:

- Be careful of vehicle speed because brake does not operate easily until pad and disc rotor are securely fitted.
- Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.
- 1. Drive vehicle on straight, flat road.
- 2. Depress brake pedal with the power to stop vehicle within 3 to 5 seconds until the vehicle stops.



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FRONT DISC BRAKE

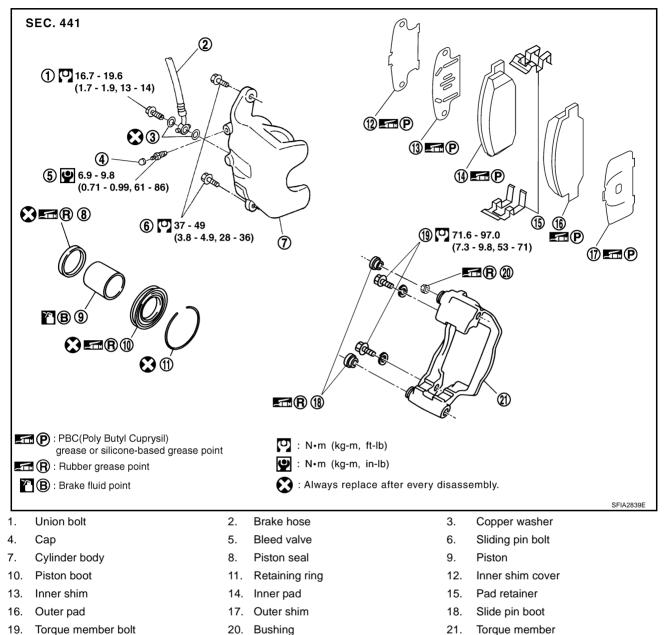
3.	Drive without depressing brake for a few minutes to cool brake.	I
4.	Repeat steps 1 to 3 until pad and disc rotor are securely fitted.	А
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REAR DISC BRAKE

Component

PFP:44000



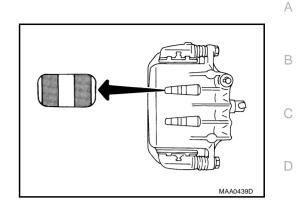


- Clean dust on the caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector. Do not blow with compressed air.
- While removing cylinder body, never depress brake pedal because the piston will pop out.
- It is not necessary to remove mounting bolts on the torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, hang cylinder body with a wire so that brake hose is not under tension.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Always replace shims and shim covers as a set when replacing brake pads.
- Keep rotor clean, free from brake fluid.

On-Vehicle Inspection PAD WEAR INSPECTION

• Check pad thickness from inspection hole on cylinder body.

Standard thickness: 8.5 mm (0.335 in)Repair limit thickness: 2.0 mm (0.079 in)



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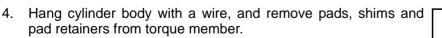
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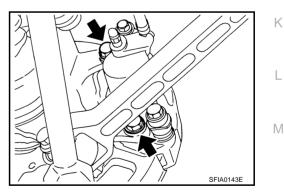
Removal and Installation of Brake pad REMOVAL

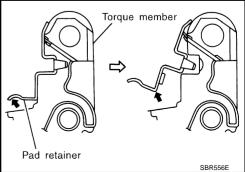
CAUTION:

- Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.
- While removing pad assemblies, do not depress brake pedal, otherwise piston will pop out.
- Be careful not to damage piston boot or get oil on rotor, Always replace shims when replacing pads.
- If shims are rusted or show peeling of rubber coat, replace them with new shims.
- It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend cylinder body with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.
- Burnish the brake pads (or linings) and disc rotors mutually contacting surfaces after refinishing
 or replacing drums or rotor, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low
 mileage. Refer to <u>BR-33</u>, "<u>Brake Burnishing Procedure</u>".
- 1. Remove master cylinder reservoir cap.
- 2. Remove tire.
- 3. Remove lower sliding pin bolt.



- Do not damage piston boot.
- When removing pad retainer from torque member, lift pad retainer in the direction shown by arrow (shown in the figure) so as not to deform it.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Keep rotor clean, free from brake fluid.





INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply brake grease to the back of pad and both sides of shim, and install inner shim and inner shim cover to inner pad, and outer shim and outer shim cover to outer pad.
- 2. Install pad retainers and pad assembles to torque member.
- 3. Install cylinder body to torque member.

CAUTION:

When replacing pads with new ones, press in the piston until pads can be installed. In this case, carefully monitor the brake fluid level in the reservoir tank because brake fluid will return to reservoir tank of master cylinder.

- 4. Insert lower sliding pin bolt to tighten to the specified torque. Refer to BR-28, "Component" .
- 5. Secure disc rotor with wheel nuts. Depress brake pedal a few times until it gets a responsive touch.
- 6. Check brake for drag.
- 7. Install tire to the vehicle.

Removal and Installation of Brake Caliper Assembly REMOVAL

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- 1. Remove tire from vehicle with a power tool.
- 2. Drain brake fluid gradually from bleed valve while depressing brake pedal.
- 3. Remove union bolt, and then remove brake hose from caliper assembly.
- 4. Remove torque member fixing bolt from torque member, and remove caliper assembly from vehicle with a power tool.
- 5. Remove disc rotor.

CAUTION:

Put matching mark on both disc rotor and wheel hub when removing disc rotor.



1. Install disc rotor.

CAUTION:

Align the matching marks of disc rotor and wheel hub, which were marked at the time of removal when reusing disc rotor.

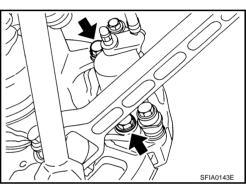
2. Install caliper assembly to vehicle, and tighten torque member fixing bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-28, "Component"</u>.

CAUTION:

Before installing caliper assembly to vehicle, wipe oil and grease on the washer seats on the axle assembly and mounting surface of caliper assembly.

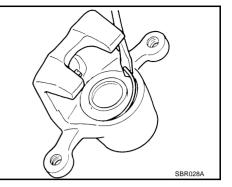
3. Install brake hose to caliper assembly and tighten union bolt to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-28</u>, <u>"Component"</u>.

- Do not reuse copper washers for union bolts.
- Assemble brake hose securely to the protrusion on caliper assembly.
- 4. After installing caliper assembly, refill with new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-10, "Bleeding Brake</u> <u>System"</u>.
- 5. Install tire to vehicle.



Disassembly and Assembly of Brake Caliper Assembly DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove caliper assembly from vehicle.
- 2. Remove sliding pin bolts and cylinder body from torque member. Then remove pads, shims, and shim covers from torque member, and remove pad retainers from cylinder body.
- 3. Remove sliding pin boot from torque member.
- 4. Using a flat-bladed screwdriver as shown in the figure, remove retaining ring from torque member.
- 5. Place a wooden block as shown in the figure, and blow air from union bolt mounting hole to remove piston and piston boots.

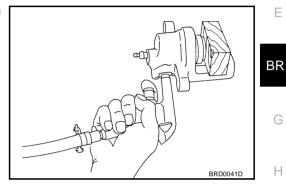


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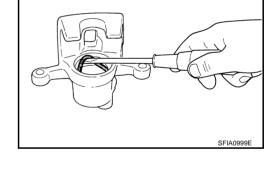
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 Remove piston seal with a flat-bladed screw driver.
 CAUTION: Be careful not damage cylinder inner wall.



INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Cylinder Body

CAUTION:

Use new brake fluid to clean. Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene.

- Check the inner wall of cylinder for corrosion, wear, and damage. If a failure is detected, replace cylinder body.
- Minor flaws caused by corrosion or foreign material can be removed by polishing the surface with a fine sandpaper. Replace cylinder body, if malfunction is detected.

Torque Member

Check for wear, cracks, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace applicable part.

Piston

CAUTION:

The piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with sandpaper.

Check the piston surface for corrosion, wear, and damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace applicable part.

Sliding Pin Bolt and Sliding Pin Boot

Check sliding pin bolts and sliding pin boot for wear, damage, and cracks. If a malfunction is detected, replace applicable part.

DISC ROTOR INSPECTION Visual Inspection

Check the surface of disc rotor for uneven wear, cracks, and serious damage. If a malfunction is detected, replace applicable part.

Runout Inspection

- 1. Using wheel nuts, fix disc rotor to wheels hub. (2 or more positions)
- 2. Using a dial indicator, check the runout.

Measurement point:

At a point 10 mm (0.39 in) from the outer edge of disc.

Runout limit: 0.055 mm (0.0022 in) or less

CAUTION:

Before measuring, make sure that the axle end play is 0.05 mm (0.002in) or less.

3. If the runout is outside the limit, find the minimum runout point by shifting the mounting positions of disc rotor and wheel hub by one hole.

Thickness Inspection

1. Using a micrometer, check the thickness of disc rotor. If the thickness is outside the standard, replace disc rotor.

Standard thickness	: 16.0 mm (0.630 in)
Repair limit thickness	: 14.0 mm (0.551 in)
Maximum uneven wear	(measured at 8 positions):
	0.015 mm (0.0006 in) or less

2. If runout is still out of specification, grind rotor with on-car brake lathe ("MAD, DL-8700", "AMMCO 700 and 705"" or equivalent) until runout becomes within the specified limit.

ASSEMBLY

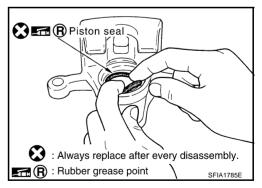
CAUTION:

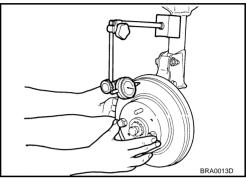
When assembling, do not use NISSAN rubber grease (KRE00 00010, KRE00 00010 01).

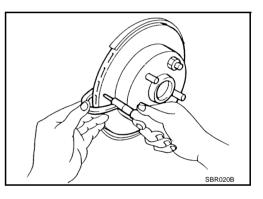
1. Apply rubber grease to new piston seals, and install them to groove on cylinder body.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse piston seal.







2. Apply rubber grease to piston boots. Cover piston end with piston boot, and install cylinder-side lip on the piston boots properly into the groove on the cylinder body.

CAUTION: Do not reuse piston boot.

3. Press piston into cylinder body by hand to assemble piston-side lip on the piston boot properly into the groove on the piston.

CAUTION:

Press piston evenly and change the pressing point to prevent the inner wall of cylinder from being rubbed.

- 4. Fix piston boot with retaining ring. CAUTION:
 - Make sure that boot is securely engaged in the groove on cylinder body.
 - Do not reuse retaining ring.
- 5. Install sliding pin bolts and sliding pin boots to torgue member.
- Install torque member to axle assembly, and tighten torque 6 member fixing bolt to the specified torque.

CAUTION:

Before installing torgue member to axle assembly, wipe off oil and grease on the washer seats on the axle assembly and mounting surface of torque member.

7. Install pad retainers to torgue member.

CAUTION:

When installing pad retainer, attach it firmly so that it does not flat up higher than torque member, as shown in the figure.

- 8. After assembling shims and shim cover to pads, assemble it to torque member.
- 9. Install cylinder body, and tighten sliding pin bolts to the specified toraue.
- 10. Position the metal fitting of brake hose by aligning with protrusions on cylinder body and tighten union bolts to specified torque.

CAUTION:

- Assemble brake hose securely to the cylinder body.
- Do not reuse copper washer on the union bolts.

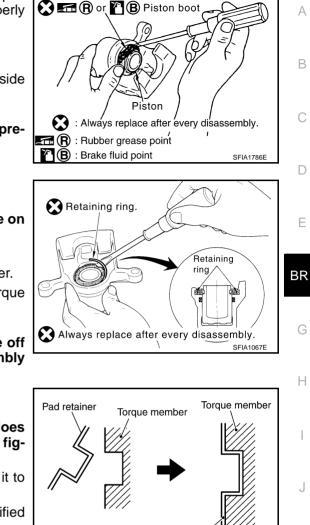
Brake Burnishing Procedure

Burnish brake contact surface according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

CAUTION:

Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

- Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH). 1.
- 2. Use medium brake pedal /foot effort to bring the vehicle to a complete stop from 50 km/h (31 MPH). Adjust brake pedal /foot pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals 3 to 5 seconds.
- To cool brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping. 3.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3, 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.



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Pad retainer

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AES002VO

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) General Specifications

-		Unit: mm (in)
Front brake	Brake model	CLZ31VD
	Cylinder bore diameter	45.0×2 (1.772×2)
	Pad Length \times width \times thickness	130× 50×11.0 (5.12×1.97×0.43)
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness	320×28.0 (12.6×1.102)
Rear brake	Brake model	AD14VF
	Cylinder bore diameter	42.86 (1.6874)
	Pad Length \times width \times thickness	83.0 × 31.9 × 8.5 (3.27× 1.26× 0.335)
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness	308×16 (12.13× 0.63)
Master cylinder	Cylinder bore diameter	25.4 (1.0)
Control valve	Valve model	Electric brake force distribution
Brake booster	Booster model	N255
	Diaphragm diameter	255 (10.04)
Recommended brake f	luid	DOT 3

Brake Pedal

Brake pedal free height (from dash panel top surface)	M/T model	154 - 164 (6.06 - 6.46)	
	A/T model	162 - 172 (6.38 - 6.77)	
Brake pedal depressed height [under a force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) with the engine running]	M/T model	More than 90 (3.54)	
	A/T model	More than 95 (3.74)	
Clearance between stopper rubber and the threaded end of stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch		0.74 - 1.96 (0.0291 - 0.0772)	
Pedal play		3 - 11 (0.12 - 0.43)	

Check Valve

Vacuum leakage	within 1.3 kpa (10 mmHg, 0.39 inHg) of vacuum for 15 sec-
[at vacuum of – 66.7 kPa(– 500 mmHg, – 19.69 inHg]	onds

Brake Booster Vacuum type

Vacuum leakage	Within 3.3 kPa (25 mmHg, 0.98 inHg) of vacuum for 15 sec-
[at vacuum of – 66.7 kPa (– 500 mmHg, –19.69 inHg)]	onds
Input rod installation standard dimension	125 (4.92)

Front Disc Brake

Brake model		CLZ31VD	
Brake pad	Standard thickness (new)	11.0 (0.433)	
	Repair limit thickness	2.0 (0.079)	
Disc rotor	Standard thickness (new)	28.0 (1.102)	
	Repair limit thickness	26.0 (1.024)	
	Maximum runout	0.035 (0.0014)	

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AFS002TX

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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Rear Disc Brake			AFS002TZ	٨
Brake model		AD14VF		A
Brake pad	Standard thickness (new)	8.5 mm (0.335 in)		
	Repair limit thickness	2.0 mm (0.079 in)		В
Disc rotor	Standard thickness (new)	16.0 mm (0.630 in)		
	Repair limit thickness	14.0 mm (0.551 in)		0
	Maximum runout	0.055 mm (0.0022 in)		C

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